Berlin: Data Protection and Freedom of Information Commissioner (Beauftragter für Datenschutz und Informationsfreiheit)

## APPLICATION FORM FOR ACCREDITATION AS A DATA PROTECTION AUTHORITY

Application to the Credentials Committee for accreditation as a data protection authority pursuant to the resolutions adopted at the 23<sup>rd</sup> International Conference of Data Protection and Privacy Commissioners at Paris on 25<sup>th</sup> September 2001.

N	otes	•
T.A	ULCS	

- (a) Please complete application in French or English.
- (b) Please keep answers brief and to the point.
- (c) Please ensure that all 33 questions are answered
- (d) If you retype the form, please include the numbered questions with your answers. It is possible to avoid such retyping by getting the electronic application form in French or in English upon request by e mail at <a href="mailto:credentials@privacy.org.nz">credentials@privacy.org.nz</a>.

## Details of applicant

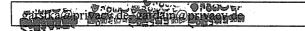
1. Name and postal address of authority

Berliner Beauftragter für Datenschutz und Informationsfreiheit Pallasstrasse 25/26, D 12277 Berlin, Germany

- 2. Contact person for this application:
  - (a) Name

Prof. Dr. Hansjürgen Garstka, Anja-Maria Gardain

(b) Email address



(c) Direct telephone number



(d) Fax contact



## Type of application

- 3. The application is for accreditation as:
  - (a) national Authority

YES/NO

(b) sub-national Authority

YES/NO

(c) Authority within an international, if yes which one...... YES/NO

# Description of applicant

4. Description of Authority (e.g. commissioner, commission, board etc)		
	Commissioner	
5.	Is the Authority a public body? YES/NO	
6.	Geographical jurisdiction	
	State of Berlin, Germany	
7.	Sectoral coverage (i.e. does the applicant's jurisdiction cover the entire public and private sectors? If only part of a sector or if there are significant activities not covered, please specify)	
	Data protection in public and private sector, freedom of information in public sector	
8.	Is the role of the Authority mainly concerned with data protection and privacy? <u>YES/</u> NO	
Legal	basis	
9.	Title of law under which the Authority is constituted	
	Berliner Datenschutzgesetz (1), Berliner Informationsfreiheitsgesetz (2)	
10.	Is this principally a data protection law? 1: <u>YES 2:NO</u>	
11.	Status of the law (e.g. statute, regulation, executive order)	
	Statute	
12.	Which body made the law?	
	Abgeordetenhaus von Berlin (State Parliament)	
13.	What body has the power to amend or revoke the law?	
	Cf. 12	

# Autonomy and independence

14. to the questic	presiding	sints member(s) of the Authority? (Please explain if a different process applies member from other Authority members in this question and in subsequent		
	Commission	oner is proposed and elected by the Parliament and appointed by the President		
15.	What prod	tess is followed?		
	Dont unde	erstand this question		
16.	For what	term are appointments made?		
	Commissi	oner himself for five years		
17. indepe	Does the l ndently? Y	aw under which the Authority operates explicitly state that it acts <u>ES/</u> NO		
18.	May the m	nember(s) be removed before expiry of their term? YES/NO		
19.	If yes, who may remove members of the Authority before expiry of their term?			
	According	g to the procedure a judge can be removed by court		
20.	O. Are there limited reasons specified in the statute, or in another law, prov permitted grounds for removal?			
	Accordin	g German Judge Act		
21. What are the		the grounds for removal?		
	Infringement of constitution by constitutional court, disciplinary offence by disciplinary court			
22.	Does the references	Authority possess the following powers (briefly describe and give statutory		
	(e)	to initiate an investigation with seeking provision YES/NO		
		details:		
	(f)	to report to the head of State, head of Government or legislature YES/NO		
	:	details:		
	(g)	make public statements <u>YES</u> /NO		
		details:		

23.		Does the Authority (and its staff) have immunity from legal suit for actions performed in the course of their duties?				
	No,	but cf. 21				
24.	guara	Applicants may list any other measures set out in the statute or in other laws which guarantee the Authority's independence (for example if the law provides specifically that the Authority's finances are protected).				
		ority is a Supreme Stanistration	ate Authority which me	ans full independece rega	rding budget und staff	
Cons	istency	with internation	onal instruments			
25.	Does	the Authority	explicitly impleme	nt any international	instrument (for ex-	ample if the
	law u	ander which the	e Authority opera	tes specifies that it	implements such i	nternational
	instru	ıme <b>n</b> t)?	7	<u>æs/</u> no		
	The a	The authority has any power given to it by "international or European Law Acts" (§ 24 I 4 BlnDSG)				
	If "ye	If "yes", which of the following does it principally implement?				
	(a)	OECD Guid	elines (1980)		YES/NO	
	(p)	(i)Council of	Europe Conventi	on No 108 (1981)	YES/NO	
		(ii) Council of Europe Additional Protocol (8 November 2001)				
					YES/NO	
	(c)	UN Guidelin	es (1990)		YES/NO	
	(d)	EU Directive	e (1995)		YES/NO	
26.		Does the law instead, or additionally, implement any general or specific international instrument? (If so, list the international body and the instrument)				
	No					
27.	with ques Com	the internation tions 25 and 2	nal instruments w 26? (Applicants	d about the extent which are claimed to should supply fur- of any measures	to be implement is ther information t	n answer to o assist the

# Appropriate functions

(a)	atutory references): compliance (e.g. audit, inspection)	<u>YES/</u> NO
	details:	
(b)	approvals (e.g. prior-checking, notification)	<u>YES/</u> NO
	details: Approval of International Data Transfers into Third C in private sector	Countries
(c)	redress for individuals (e.g. complaints, concilia	tion enforcement) <u>YES</u> /NO
Tion b	details:complaints handling,	
(d)	sanctions available to Authority (for example, p $\underline{\text{YES/NO}}$	
	details:private sector : Administrational fines up to 250 000 $\epsilon$ , tion by penal court, public sector only recommandations	right to demand for prosec
(e)	guidance (e.g. compliance advice)	<u>YES/</u> NO
	details:	
(f)	public education	<u>YES</u> /NO
	details: Voluntarily by staff memerbs at universities, acader	nies etc.
(g)	policy advice for government	YES/NO
	details:	
(h)	studies or research (e.g. into developing technol	logies, privacy issues) YES/ <u>NO</u>

#### Other materials

- 30. List any attachments which will accompany the application as an electronic attachment or to follow by post.
- 31. If law under which the Authority operates is accessible on the Internet, please give the reference

URL: www.privacy.de

32. If a recent annual report of the Authority (or a similar recent publication outlining typical activities) is available on the Internet, please give the reference

URL: www.privacy.de

#### Research use

- 33. With the consent of applicants, the Committee proposes to make copies of the applications available to appropriate researchers approved by the Committee to facilitate a study on data protection. Please indicate whether you agree to this use:
  - I agree to this application being released to a researcher <u>YES</u>/NO

### Making the application

The application should be emailed to the credentials committee at credentials@privacy.org.nz

If sent as an email attachment it should be in M/S Word.

If unable to email the application, it should be posted to:

**Credentials Committee** 

C/- Privacy Commissioner

P O Box 466

Auckland

New Zealand

The Committee needs access to a copy of the law under which the Authority is constituted. This need not be supplied in hard copy if it is available on the Internet and listed at question 31. If the law itself is not in English or French, it will be useful to supply an English or French summary or translation if one exists.

#### Use of information

The information in this form will be used for processing the application and will be disclosed to members of the committee and their staff (being the commissioners from New Zealand, France and the United Kingdom) and future committees. It may be also disclosed also to the Data Protection Authorities which participate to the international conference and approved researchers. Any personal data contained in the form is available for access and correction in accordance with the applicable data protection laws of current and future committees. In the first instance it is subject to the New Zealand Privacy Act 1993.

# ACCREDITATION OF DATA PROTECTION AUTHORITY CHECKLIST FOR THE CREDENTIALS SUB-GROUP

1 Name of Authority

Berlin Data Protection Commissioner, Germany

Does the authority have clear and wide ranging data protection functions covering a broad area of economic activity (eg not just an advising body or a body operating in a narrow field such as medical privacy)?

Yes

Notes

DP in public and private sectors, FOI in public sector.

3 Legal Basis.

Is the authority a public body established on an appropriate legal basis (eg by statute or regulation)?

Yes

Notes

4 Autonomy and Independence?
Is the authority guaranteed an appropriate degree of autonomy and independence to perform its functions (eg the power to make public statements and protection from removal from office)?

Yes

Notes

The legal guarantees of independence, as described, seem stronger than those described in applications of other German state DP commissioners.

Consistency with International Instruments.

Is the law under which the authority operates compatible with at least one of the international instruments dealing with data protection and privacy (eg EU Directive, OECD Guidelines, Council of Europe Convention)?

Yes

Notes

The answers in the application are rather confusing on this point but am satisfied as to international compatibility.

6	Appropriate Functions.  Does the authority have an appropriate range of functions with the legal powers necessary to perform those functions (eg the power to receive and investigate complaints from individuals without seeking permission)?	Notes
	Yes	
7	Does the Sub-group recommend accreditation?  Yes	Notes
8	If accreditation is recommended what is the accreditation as?	Notes
	Authority within a limited sub-national territory	
9	If accreditation is as an authority within an international/supranational body does the recommendation include voting rights?	Notes
	Not applicable .	
10	If accreditation is not recommended does the Sub Group recommend that accreditation is refused or is more information needed before a decision can be made?	Notes
	Refusal	
	More Information	
11	If accreditation is not recommended and the application is from an authority with narrow functions does the Sub Group recommend that, at the discretion of the conference host, observer status is granted?	Notes
	Not Applicable	
	Yes	
	Not ·	

If more information is r	equired what is this:		
		·	
Signed on behalf of the Sub-	Blair Stewart	Date:	17 July 2002
group:			-
	Landard Company of the Company of th		
	· Marie Georges	Date:	18 juillet 2002
	Walle Georges		10 juillet 2002
		<del></del>	
		Date:	
		1	

Note: 2 signatures required for recommendations for accreditation. 3 signatures required for recommendations for refusal