

# Global Frameworks and Standards Working Group

Comparative tables – Contractual Clauses for transfers from Controllers to Processors

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COMPARATIVE TABLES OF REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF MODEL CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES IN THE ASEAN, MODEL CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROS STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES IN THE EU, MODEL CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES IN TRIPD, MODEL CONTRACT OF INTERNATIONAL DATA TRANSFERS IN ARGENTINA, MODEL CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES IN NEW ZEALAND AND INTERNATIONAL DATA TRANSFER AGREEMENTS IN THE UK IN THE CONTEXT OF CONTROLLER-TO-PROCESSOR DATA TRANSFERS	PE, THE DEL R

#### Introduction

This document lays down the requirements of the following seven sets of contractual clauses for transfers of personal data between controllers:

- Model Contractual Clauses of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (hereinafter "ASEAN MCCs"),
- Model Contractual Clauses of the Council of Europe (hereinafter "CoE MCCs"),
- Standard Contractual Clauses of the European Commission (hereinafter "EU SCCs"),
- Model Contractual Clauses of the Ibero-American Data Protection Network (hereinafter "RIPD MCCs"),
- Model Contract of International Data Transfer of the Agency for the Access to Public Information of Argentina (hereinafter "AR Clauses"),
- Model Contractual Clauses of the Office of the Privacy Commissioner of New Zealand (hereinafter "NZ MCCs"),
- <u>International Data Transfer Agreements of the Information Commissioner's Office in the United Kingdom</u> (hereinafter "UK IDTA").

This document does not claim to be a comprehensive analysis of all obligations of ASEAN MCCs, CoE MCCs, EU SCCs, RIPD MCCs, AR Clauses, NZ MCCs, and UK IDTA, nor the only way to map these Clauses and should not be taken as legal advice, nor as reflecting the official position of any organization that participated in its development.

#### Background:

In the context of the work of the GPA Working Group on Global Frameworks and Standards (GFS WG), and in line with the GFS WG Annual Report adopted in 2021, this document is elaborated as part of the comparative analysis work on transfer mechanisms to identify any gaps and commonalities in this respect.

In 2022, the GFS WG has focused its work on the elaboration of a Literature Review on cross border transfers as well as a report which identified the main themes of this review and gaps in the comparative analysis that have been conducted by other bodies on transfer mechanisms that could benefit from further work by the GPA.

This report highlighted the development of a number of transfer tools and mechanisms across the world and the need to better understand the commonalities and differences between these instruments. Among these tools and mechanisms, standard or model contractual clauses have been identified as the most prominent as they are currently available in several regions and countries members of the GPA. Thus, the GFS WG has worked on the comparison of the different sets of contractual clauses for Controller-to-Processor data transfers listed above.

#### **Purpose and structure:**

The goal of this document is to serve as an informal comparative tool for organizations using contractual clauses for controller-to-processor data transfers of the countries and regional organisations mentioned hereinabove. It thereby facilitates the design and the use of contractual clauses compliant with each of the systems. This document does not aim at achieving mutual recognition of the seven systems.

It is structured as follow: for each principle or requirement identified within the Clauses, it lists in a table the related elements contained in each set of Clauses.

These comparative tables only cover the content of the Clauses themselves. Therefore, they do not provide for the exhaustive list of obligations applicable to the Parties. The greyed-out boxes indicate only the absence of provisions within the Clauses themselves. Additional obligations may be provided for by other elements of the national or regional legal framework, and in particular by the respective data protection laws.

## 1. Structure of the Contractual Clauses and general aspects

	ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Approach and scenarios covered	Two distinct sets S1: Controller to Processor Transfer S2: Controller to Controller Transfer	Approach by modules <sup>1</sup> : M1 = Controller-to- Controller M2 = Controller-to- Processor	Approach by modules, with M1 = Controller-to- Controller M2 = Controller-to- Processor M3 = Processor-to- Processor M4 = Processor-to- Controller	Two distinct sets S1: Controller to Controller Transfer S2: Controller to Processor Transfer	Two distinct sets S1: Controller to Controller Transfer S2: Controller to Processor Transfer	A unique set with no distinction between Controller-to-Controller and Controller-to-Processor scenarios.	No modules. All transfers covered by a single version of the IDTA.
Purpose	Voluntary standard designed to provide guidance on baseline considerations for transferring personal data.	Appropriate level of protection as guaranteed by Convention 108+ in cases where personal data are sent outside of its territorial scope of application (14 STE 108+). To be incorporated into legal system of Convention 108/108+ contracting Parties.	Appropriate Safeguards for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Article 46 GDPR	Compliance with the applicable law	Appropriate safeguards equivalent to the ones conferred by the Law n°25.326.	Appropriate safeguards to meet the requirements of Information Privacy Principle 12.	Appropriate safeguards for compliance with UK GDPR
Parties	<ul> <li>The Parties are</li> <li>the Data Exporter ('Exporter'); and</li> <li>Data Importer' ('Importer')</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Parties are</li> <li>the Data Exporter ('Exporter'); and</li> <li>the Data Importer ('Importer').</li> </ul>	The Parties are	<ul> <li>The Parties are</li> <li>the Exporter; and</li> <li>the Importer</li> </ul> Additional Parties can be added.	Parties: • Exporter • Importer	The Parties are  • the Discloser ('Exporter'); and the Recipient ('Importer')	<ul> <li>The Parties are</li> <li>the Exporter; and</li> <li>the Importer</li> </ul> The IDTA can operate as a multi-party agreement

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of 29th February, the Council of Europe has only adopted the modules for Controller-to-Controller and Controller-to-Processor transfers of personal data. These sets of clauses are to be complemented by one additional module.

		Optional: It is possible to add additional parties Clause 6	Clause 7	Clause 5		with the designation of Lead Party/Parties.
-	Additional Terms for Individual Remedies are forming part of the contract.  Transfers are detailed in Appendix A.	The Clauses, together with their Annexes, form an integral part of this tool.  Transfers are detailed in Annex I, including categories of data and purposes  The Clauses are not adapted to transfers to international organisations.	The Appendix is integral part of the Agreement.  Transfers are detailed in Annex I.B, including categories of data and purposes  Clause 6  The SCCs do not apply to transfers to an importer whose processing is subject to the GDPR.  The SCCs are not adapted to transfers to international organisations.  Clause 1	Annexes are formal part of the Agreement  Transfers are detailed in Annex B, including categories of data and purposes  Clause 4	Annex A is formal part of the agreement. Transfers are detailed in this Annex. Clause 2	Security Requirements (and Extra Protection Clauses) are formal parts of the IDTA  If the Importer is a Processor or Sub- Processor instructed by the Exporter: the Exporter must ensure that, on or before the Start Date and during the term, there is a linked agreement which is enforceable between the parties and which complies with Article 28 UK GDPR (and which they will ensure continues to comply with Article 28 UK GDPR).

## 2. Effect and (in)variability of the Clauses

amendment could still be disclosed after the amendment in compliance with the Privacy Act.
Clause 6.2

## 3. Third-Party Beneficiaries

Under Clause 1.1 of Data subject whose Dat	ta subjects can invoke hts against porter/Importer except garding:	RIPD  Data subjects can invoke rights against Exporter/Importer	Argentina  Data subjects can enforce against the Importer the	New Zealand  Data subjects can enforce	United Kingdom  Data subjects can invoke
·	hts against porter/Importer <u>except</u>	rights against		•	Data subjects can invoke
long as applicable law confers third party beneficiary rights, data subjects can enforce against  Exporter: Clauses 2.1 and 2.4 (obligations of data exporter except optional clause on accuracy and completion 2.2, measures during transmission)  Importer: Clauses 3.5 (transfer to Exporter of enquiries of data subjects)  Sub-processors: Clauses 2.1, 2.4 and 3.5 when both Importer and Exporter have ceased their operations  Clauses shall be entitled to invoke the safeguards and guarantees set out in Section II (data protection safeguards) and III (local laws and obligations in case of access by public authorities) of these Clauses as Third-party beneficiary with respect to any provisions of these Clauses affording a right, action, claim, benefit or privilege to such Data subject.  Clause 7  Clause 7	<ul> <li>Clauses 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7</li> <li>Clauses 8.1(b) and 8.9(a), (c), (d), (e)</li> <li>Clause 9(a), (c), (d), (f)</li> <li>Clause 12(a), (d), (f)</li> <li>Clause 13</li> <li>Clause 15.1(c), (d), (e)</li> <li>Clause 16(e)</li> <li>Clause 18(a), (b)</li> <li>us, they can invoke the uses against the corter/importer, with exception of provision at specifically regulate exporter and importer and therefore do not ext the individual).</li> </ul>	regarding Clauses 5-11 and 15 Incorporation clause, Obligations of the parties (guarantees, rights, redress, liability, supervision, local laws and practices), Choice of forum and jurisdiction  Clause 3	provisions of the Law N°25.326 related to the processing of its personal data in compliance with the obligations and responsibilities established by the Clauses, especially those relating to the rights to access, rectification, erasure and the other rights granted by articles 13-20 of the Law N°25.326.  Clause 3(a)	rights against the Importer regarding Clause 1, 3 and 4:  Safeguards that the Importer must put in place Data Breach Right to access and to correct Clause 6.2	rights against Exporter/Importer regarding:  Sections 1, 3, 8, 9, 11-21, 23, 26-28, 30-31  Any other provision of the IDTA explicitly or by implication benefiting the Relevant Data Subjects  IDTA and linked agreements, provision of all information, the Appropriate Safeguards, review process to ensure the Appropriate Safeguards continue, Exporter's Obligations, General Importer Obligations if subject to UK data protection laws, Importer's obligations to comply with key data protection laws, case of Importer personal data breach, transferring on the transferred data, Importer's responsibility if it authorises others to

perform its obligations,
Importer's responsibility if
it authorises others to
perform its obligations,
data subject rights and
exercise of these rights
(Section 20), third parties
access, breach of IDTA
and end of IDTA in this
case, actions after end

## 4. Interpretation

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
ASEAN  Definitions set in 1.  Interpretation according to the laws of the national jurisdiction designated in Clause 4.1.  If conflict/inconsistency between clauses and AMS law, law prevails.  If conflict between clauses and additional terms, additional terms prevail.	Definitions set in Clause 2 and document T-PD(2020)06rev3, Interpretation of provisions, 7 May 2021.  Terms used that are defined in the Convention shall have the same meaning, unless they have a specific meaning as set out in Clause 2.  Interpretation in light of the Convention and no conflict with rights and obligations established in the Convention.  If contradiction between Clauses and related agreements, Clauses prevail. Except when the conflicting terms of the related agreements provide greater protection for data subjects.  Clause 4	Definitions: Terms used in GDPR shall have same meaning.  Interpretation in light of GDPR and no conflict with rights and obligations established in the GDPR.  If contradiction between Clauses and related agreements, Clauses prevail.  Clause 4 and 5	Definitions: Set in the Clauses (Clause 1.4) and possibility for Parties to add more.  Interpretation in light of applicable Laws and no conflict with rights and obligations established in applicable Laws.  If contradiction between clauses and applicable laws, law prevails.  If contradiction between Clauses and related agreements, Clauses prevail.  Clauses 2.2 and 2.3	Argentina  Definitions set in Clause 1 with references to the Law n°25.326.	Definitions: detailed through the Clauses and in the Introduction.  In this agreement, unless the context requires otherwise:  • A reference to any law is a reference to that law as amended, or to any law substituted for that law  • As far as possible, the provisions of this agreement will be interpreted so as to promote consistency with the Privacy Act.  Clause 8.12  The Clauses takes priority over all agreements between the Exporter and the Recipient, except as specifically stated otherwise in any Special Terms set out in the Details.	Definitions: Set in the IDTA (Section 36)  Interpretation in light of UK Data Protection Laws, if conflicts or doubts, UK Data Protection Laws prevail. (Section 6.1 and Section 6.2)  If contradiction between IDTA and related agreements, IDTA prevails, except if provides greater protection for Relevant Data Subjects or a party acts as a processor and the conflicting requirements are express requirements of Article 28 UK GDPR (Section 6.7).
					Clause 8.2	

## 5. Key data protection principles

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
The Importer must only process the transferred data for the Purposes described in Appendix  Clause 3.2.	The Importer shall process the data only for the specific purpose(s) set out in Annex 1, unless on further instruction from the Exporter.  Clause 9	The Importer shall process data only for purposes set out in Annex I.B, unless on further instructions from the Exporter.  Clause 8.2.	The Importer shall process data only for purposes set out in Annex II.B. Other purposes only if:  Consent of data subject;  Necessary for the establishment, exercise, or defence of legal claim in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings in a particular case;  Vital interests of a natural person.	The Importer warrants that it processes de data for the purposes described in Annex A.  Clause 5(e)	The Importer will not use or disclose transferred data except as permitted in the Part 1 where Permitted uses and disclosures are to be listed.  Clause 1.2.	Importer must only process the transferred data for the Purpose (Section 12.1)  The Purposes are defined by the parties in Table 3.  The Parties may process the transferred data for any other purpose which is compatible with the purpose set out above.  Section 12.1 and Table 3
Notification of data subject by Exporter, and obtention of consent, regarding the transfer where reasonable and practicable, when no applicable law in accordance to which collection, use and transfer to the Data Importer.	See below Right to a copy of the MCCs.	See below Right to a copy of the SCCs.	See right to a copy of the MCCs below.  In any case, the Importer has the responsibility to inform the data subject of its existence.  Clause 6.4	Exporter has informed the data subjects that their personal data may be transferred to a third country with a lower level of data protection.  Clause 4(e).		If the importer is a Processor or Sub- Processor instructed by the Exporter: the Exporter must ensure that, on or before the Start Date and during the term, there is a linked agreement which is enforceable between the parties and which

Clause 2.1						complies with Article 28 UK GDPR (and which they will ensure continues to comply with Article 28 UK GDPR) ((Section 1.4)
Optional: Personal data is accurate and complete, to the extent necessary for the purposes of transfer under the contract.	If the Importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the Exporter without delay. In this case, the Importer shall cooperate with the Exporter to erase or rectify the data without delay.  Clause 11	If the Importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the Exporter without undue delay. In this case, the Importer shall cooperate with the Exporter to erase or rectify the data.  Clause 8.4.	If the Importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the Exporter without undue delay. In this case, the Importer shall cooperate with the Exporter to erase or rectify the data.  Nothing specified for Exporter.  Clause 6.5		The Importer must only collect transferred information as reasonably necessary for lawful purposes connected with its functions or activities.  Clause 1.1  The Importer will take reasonable steps to ensure that the Transferred data is accurate, up to date, complete, relevant and not misleading before using it.	If the importer is a Processor or Sub-Processor instructed by the Exporter: the Exporter must ensure that, on or before the Start Date and during the term, there is a linked agreement which is enforceable between the parties and which complies with Article 28 UK GDPR (and which they will ensure continues to comply with Article 28 UK GDPR) ((Section 1.4)
Importer will return personal data or cease to retain personal data in manner approved by Exporter, upon termination of contract or completion of processing. Importer agrees to confirm in writing with Exporter	<ul> <li>Only for the duration specified in Annex 1</li> <li>Then, deletion or return of the data, and compliance as long as it is not done</li> <li>In case of domestic laws applicable to the importer that prohibit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Only for duration specified in Annex I.B.</li> <li>Then, deletion or return of the data, and compliance as long as it is not done</li> <li>Clause 8.5.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Only for duration specified in Annex B.</li> <li>Then, deletion or return of the data, and compliance as long as it is not done</li> <li>If law of importer forbids deletion or return for a</li> </ul>	Destruction or return of the data to the Exporter in the event of the end of the contract. Clause 5(I)	Destruction or deletion by the Importer promptly and securely:  once it is no longer reasonably required by the Importer for any permitted use; or  as required by any "deletion	If the importer is a Processor or Sub- Processor instructed by the Exporter: the Exporter must ensure that, on or before the Start Date and during the term, there is a linked agreement which is enforceable between the

	once action has been taken to cease to retain	return or deletion of the personal data, the	In case of local laws applicable to the	specific period of time, compliance with	event/date" specified in the Part	parties and which complies with Article 28
	such personal data.	importer warrants that it	Importer that prohibit	agreement must be	1 (Details).	UK GDPR (and which they
	such personal data.	will continue to ensure	return or deletion of the	ensured during that	The Importer will	will ensure continues to
	Clause 3.8	compliance with these	personal data, the	period.	promptly notify the	comply with Article 28 UK
	clause 5.6	Clauses and will only	Importer warrants that it	period.	Exporter when it has	GDPR).
		process the data to the	will continue to ensure	Clause 6.11	deleted the transferred	GDI I().
		extent and for as long as	compliance with these	Clau3C 0.11	data.	Section 1.4
		required under that	Clauses and will only		data.	3000011.4
		domestic law. The	process it to the extent		Clause 1.5	
		exporter should be	and for as long as		ciduse 1.5	
		notified of the relevant	required under that local			
		domestic law and the	law.			
		required retention				
		period. Only the	Clause 16(d)			
		minimum amount of				
		personal data should be				
		retained to comply with				
		domestic law.				
		Special categories of data	Sensitive data are data	Sensitive personal data	Sensitive Data are	Table 3 allows the parties
		are: genetic data,	revealing racial or ethnic	are those who refer to	exemplified as	to indicate that the
		personal data relating to	origin, political opinions,	the intimate sphere of	information that relates	transferred data relates
		offences, criminal	religious or philosophical	the data subjects, or	to racial or ethnic origin,	to the following special
		proceedings and	beliefs, or trade union	which undue use can lead	political opinions,	categories of personal
		convictions or related	membership, genetic	to a discrimination or	religious or philosophical	data and criminal
		security measures,	data, or biometric data	pose a serious risk for it.	beliefs, trade union	convictions and offences:
Sensitive data	5	biometric data processed	for identification of a	A declarative list is	membership, sexual	racial or ethnic origin;
٥		for the purpose of	uniquely identifying	included in the	orientation or sex life,	political opinions;
Ŧ		uniquely identifying a	person, data concerning	definitions: data that can	criminal convictions or	religious or philosophical
2		person, or personal data	health or sex life, or	reveal aspects like racial	offences, or an	beliefs; trade union
J		for the information they	sexual orientation, or	or ethnic origin; religious,	individual's genetic,	membership; genetic
		reveal relating to racial or	relating to criminal	philosophical or moral	biometric or health data.	data; biometric data for
		ethnic origin, political	convictions/offences	beliefs; or trade union		the purpose of uniquely
		opinions, trade-union		membership; political	If the transferred data	identifying a natural
		membership, religious or	The Importer must apply	opinions; data concerning	contains such data, the	person; physical or
		other beliefs, health or	specific restrictions	health or life; sexual	Parties may want to	mental health; sex life or
		sexual life.	and/or additional	orientation or	consider whether the	sexual orientation;

	safeguards adapted to	preferences; or genetic	Importer should be	criminal convictions and
Clause 2	the specific nature of the	data, or biometric data	required to apply	offences.
	data and the risks	for identification of a	additional precautions to	
The Importer	shall apply involved, and describe	uniquely identifying	protect these data (to be	The Security
additional saf	eguards them in Annex I.B.	person.	listed in the dedicated	Requirements and any
that guard ag	ainst and		table in Part 1).	Extra Protection clauses
are adapted t	o the risks	Special attention to		must provide a level of
that the Proce	essing of	children's data in line	The Importer	security which is
such data ma	y present	with Convention on	acknowledges and agrees	appropriate to the risk of
for the intere	sts, rights	Children's rights.	that a failure to protect	a personal data breach
and fundame	ntal		the Sensitive Data	occurring and the impact
freedoms of t	he Data	The Importer must apply	identified in the Part 1 is	on relevant data subjects
subject, notal	bly the risk	specific restrictions	particularly likely to	of such a personal data
of discriminat	ion.	and/or additional	cause harm to data	breach, including
		safeguards adapted to	subjects. The Importer	considering any special
Clause 14		the specific nature of the	will have in place the	category data within the
		data and the risks	additional precautions	transferred data.
		involved and describe	set out in Part 1 in	
		them in Annex C.	relation to Sensitive Data.	Section 8.1.2
		Clause 6.8 and 1.4	Clause 1.6	
		(definitions)		

## 6. Security

	6. Security						
	ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
General obligations	Obligations for Importer, to implement reasonable and appropriate technical, administrative and operational and physical measures, consistent with applicable laws, to ensure confidentiality, integrity and availability of the transferred data. Clause 3.9  During transmissions only for Exporter: technical/operational measures. Clause 2.3  Optional: The Importer agrees to take reasonable steps to comply with adequate security standards prescribed by the Exporter. Clause 3.4	Obligations for the Importer, and during transmission also for the Exporter, to:  Implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure security against accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access.  Take into account a list of elements to consider in assessing the level of security of such organisational and technical measures  Agree with the Exporter on technical and organisational measures tabled in Annex III and make regular checks of their effectiveness.	Obligations for Importer, and during transmissions only, also for Exporter:  Put in place technical and organisational measures to ensure security against accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access.  Take into account a list of elements to consider in assessing the level of security  Agree on technical and organisational measures tabled in Annex II and make regular checks of their effectiveness.  Restrict on staff accessing the data / Confidentiality  The Importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to	<ul> <li>Obligations for Importer, and during transmissions only for Exporter:         <ul> <li>List of elements to consider in assessing the level of security</li> <li>Agreement on technical and organisational measures tabled in Annex C</li> <li>Periodic control of proportionality</li> <li>Detailed obligation regarding data breach</li> <li>Restriction on staff accessing the data / Confidentiality</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.</li> <li>Clause 6.6-7</li> </ul>	The Importer warrants it has set in place the necessary and effective means of security and confidentiality  - to prevent any loss of, unauthorised access to, processing, modification or disclosure of the transferred data;  - to allow the detection of deviations, whether intentional or not, and whether the risks arise from human action or from the technical means used.  The Importer should verify that these measures are not less than those provided for by the regulations in force, in such a way as to guarantee the level of security appropriate to the risks involved in the processing and the nature of the data to be protected.	The Importer will protect the Transferred Data by implementing and maintaining best practice safeguards against any loss of the transferred data, and any unauthorised access, use, modification or disclosure of the transferred data. The Importer will also meet any additional security requirements specified in Part 1  Clause 1.3  Best practice: standard of practice generally expected globally in the same or similar circumstances, from a reasonable and prudent processor of personal data that is the same or of a similar nature to the transferred data	Each party must ensure that the security requirements and extra protection clauses provide a level of security which is appropriate to the risk of a personal data breach occurring and the impact on relevant data subjects of such a personal data breach.  Table 4: part 1 lists the security requirements for transmission, storage and processing. In addition, it lists the organisational security measures, technical security minimum requirements and updates to the security requirements.  Part 2 of Table 4, allows the insertion of extra protection clauses agreed between the parties for extra technical security protections, extra

In the case of	provide an appropriate		organisational
pseudonymisation, the	level of security.	Clause 5(b)	protections and extra
additional information			contractual protections.
for attributing personal	Clause 8.6.	Obligation for Importer	
data to a specific data		to have processes to	
subject shall, where		warrant the restriction	
possible, remain under		of access to authorized	
the control of the		persons only,	
Exporter.		establishing levels of	
		access and keys and	
Importer shall grant		concluding agreement to	
access to the personal		this end.	
data to members of its			
personnel only to the		Clause 5(c)	
extent strictly necessary			
for the implementation,			
management and			
monitoring of the			
contract. It shall ensure			
that persons authorised			
to process personal data			
have committed			
themselves to			
confidentiality or are			
under an appropriate			
statutory obligation of			
confidentiality.			
The Importer shall carry			
out regular checks to			
ensure that these			
measures continue to			
provide an appropriate			
level of security and shall			
update them where this			
is no longer the case			

	and inform the Exporter on the result of such checks and relevant changes made in relation thereto.  Clause 13(1)-(2)					
The Importer is responsible for and must implement the security measures mentioned above, in particular against risks of Data Breaches. Clause 3.9  It is the Importer's obligation to notify Exporter in case it becomes aware of a breach, within specified delays (either "without undue delay" or "within a reasonable time period specified by the Parties").  Clause 3.10	In the event of a data	In the event of a data breach resulting in risk, the Importer shall  adopt measures to address the breach and mitigate adverse effects  notify the Exporter  Clause 8.6(c)	In the event of a data breach, the Importer must:	The Importer warrant that it puts in place the necessary and effective security and confidentiality measures to avoid the alteration, loss, unauthorized access or processing of the data, and to allow it to be detected.  The Importer must notify the Exporter of every accidental or unauthorized access.  Clause 5(b) et (i)(2)	The Party, designated in Part 1, must notify affected Individuals of a notifiable personal data breach (i.e. that it is reasonable to believe has caused serious harm to a data subject, or is likely to do so) as soon as practicable after becoming aware that a such a data breach has occurred, but:  • if it is not reasonably practicable for that party to directly notify an affected Individual or each member of a group of affected Individuals, that Party may give public notice of the privacy breach so long as that party ensures the public notice does not	<ul> <li>take reasonable steps to fix it, including to minimise the harmful effects on data subjects, stop it from continuing and prevent it happening again.</li> <li>these steps must comply with the Exporter's instructions and the linked agreement and be in cooperation with the Exporter and any Third-Party Controller</li> <li>ensure that the Security Requirements still provide aa level of security which is appropriate to the risk of a personal data breach occurring and the</li> </ul>

domestic legal framework.

The notification of the data subjects is not required

- if appropriate technical and organisational measures have been applied to the data affected that render it unintelligible to any person not authorised to access it,
- if the Importer has taken subsequent measures which ensure that the high risk is no longer likely to materialise, or if it would involve disproportionate efforts (in which case the Importer shall instead make a public communication or take a similar measure whereby the Data subjects are informed in an equally effective manner).

identify any affected Individual;

- that Party may delay notification and/or public notice to the extent and for so long as it believes this is necessary because notification or public notice would increase the risk to the security of transferred information and the risk outweighs the benefits of informing affected Individuals:
- that Party is not required to give any notification or public notice where that would not be required from the Recipient under the Privacy Act if the Recipient was subject to the Act.

- impact on relevant data subjects of such a personal data breach.
- hold a written record and transmit it to Exporter/ICO if requested.

The importer must notify the Exporter without undue delay after becoming aware of the breach and provide information.

The importer must assist the exporter (and any third-party controller) so the exporter (or any third-party controller) can inform relevant data subjects or the ICO or any other relevant regulator or authority about the importer personal data breach without undue delay.

(Section 15)

If the Importer is responsible for notifying Individuals under clause 3.1 but fails to give notice when required

Clause 13(4)-(6)

under that clause, the Exporter may give notice on behalf of the Importer.

The Importer may need to notify privacy breaches under local data laws. Nothing in the Clauses reduces any obligation the Importer may have to notify a privacy breach under the local data law specified in the Details, to the extent this is permitted by clause 5.2.

The Importer must notify the Exporter if the Importer learns of a privacy breach, and in the case of a notifiable privacy breach, if the Exporter is responsible for notifying Individuals of privacy breaches the Importer will provide all assistance and information reasonably required by the Exporter to meet its obligations under these Clauses.

Clause 3.1-4

Comparative tables – Contractual Clauses for transfers from Controllers to Processors	

## 7. Organisational obligations

	ASEAN	Council of Furance	Furancan Union	PIDD	Argontina	Now Zooland	United Kingdom
Ability to satisfy obligations / Responsibility principle	ASEAN  Each Party warrants, represents and undertakes to the other Party that it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform its obligations under and in accordance with this contract.  Clause 7.1  Each Party agrees to comply with all applicable AMS Law in connection with the performance of its obligations under this contract.  Clause 7.2	Council of Europe The Importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the Exporter. The Exporter may give such instructions throughout the duration of the Clauses.  Clause 8.1  The Importer shall immediately inform the Exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions.  Clause 8.2	European Union Exporter must warrant that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the Importer is able to satisfy its obligations  Clause 8  Obligation of information in case Importer unable to comply with its instructions  Clause 8.1	Exporter must warrant that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the Importer is able to satisfy its obligations  Clause 6.2(a)  Obligation to continuously review for the Importer  Clause 6.2(c)	Argentina The Exporter agrees and warrants that the collect, processing and transfer of the personal data have been and will be conducted in compliance with the Law n°25.326.  Clause 4(a) The Exporter must provide the Importer with a copy of the Argentinian laws applicable to the relevant data processing.  Clause 4(d) The Exporter must warrant its reasonable efforts to determine that the Importer is able to satisfy its obligations. The Exporter may request the importer to take out liability insurance for any damages caused by the processing at stake, as stated in Annex A.	Rew Zealand  Each Party undertakes that:  it has full power, capacity, and authority to execute, deliver, and perform its obligations under these Clauses;  it has, and will continue to have, all the necessary consents, permissions, licences and rights to enter into and perform its obligations under this agreement;  its obligations a set out in the Clauses are legal, valid, binding, and enforceable in accordance with the Clauses.  Clause 8.4-6	Exporter must ensure and demonstrate that the IDTA (including any Security Requirements and Extra Protection Clauses) provides Appropriate Safeguards. If the importer reasonably requests, the Exporter must provide it with a copy of any TRA.  Exporter must carry out reasonable checks on the importer's ability to comply with the IDTA, and take appropriate action including under Section 9.2, Section 29 or Section 30, if at any time it no longer considers that the Importer is able to comply with this IDTA or to provide Appropriate Safeguards.  Section 11.2.3  Importer must provide the exporter with all relevant information regarding local laws and
					Clause 4(b)		practices and the

The Importer must communicate a contact point to the Exporter within its organisation which is authorized to respond to queries in relation with the data processing and to cooperate in good faith with the Exporter, the data subjects, and the authorities within the appropriate delays.

Clause 5(f)

Importer warrants that it will process the data on behalf of the Exporter and in compliance with its instructions and the Clauses.

Clause 5(a)

Importer warrants that it will process the data in conformity with the Law N°25.326.

Clause 5(h)

protections and risks which apply to the transfer. The Importer must review this on a regular basis and inform the exporter as soon as it becomes aware of any importer information changing, and/or any local laws which may prevent or limit the importer complying with the obligations in the TRA.

Section 8.3

Each party must review the IDTA at regular intervals to ensure that it remains accurate and continues to provide appropriate safeguards whereupon the other party must be informed. If the IDTA no longer provides appropriate safeguards, the parties must without undue delay pause transfers and processing of transferred data whilst changes to the tables (Part one: Tables or Part Two: Extra Protection Clauses) are agreed. Where a change cannot be agreed, the exporter

						must end the IDTA by written notice on the importer Section 9.2
Instructions	Importer shall only process the transferred data in compliance with instructions from Exporter.  Clause 3.1	The Importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the Exporter. The Exporter may give such instructions throughout the duration of the Clauses.  Clause 8.1  The Importer shall immediately inform the Exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions.  Clause 8.2	Importer shall only process the transferred data on documented instructions from Exporter.  Clause 8.1	Importer shall only process the transferred data on documented instructions from Exporter.  Clause 6.1	Importer shall only process the transferred data on behalf of the Exporter and in compliance with its instructions and the Clauses.  Clause 5(a)	The Importer shall only process the transferred data on documented instructions from the Controller as per the linked agreement  Section 17.3 and Article 28(3) UK GDPR
Documentation and	Optional: At the reasonable request of Exporter, information sharing for Importer to Exporter, and assistance in the audit/review processes.  Clause 3.6	Each Party must be able to demonstrate compliance with its obligations under these Clauses. To this end, the Importer shall keep appropriate documentation of the Processing activities carried out on behalf of the Exporter. The Importer shall promptly	Each Party shall be able to demonstrate compliance with its obligations under these Clauses. In particular, the Importer, which should document it and make this documentation available to competent CSAs on request.	Each Party shall be able to demonstrate compliance with its obligations under these Clauses. In particular, Importer, which should document it and make this documentation available to competent CSAs on request.	The Importer must make available to the Exporter its data processing installations, its files and all the necessary documentation for the processing, to the effect of a revision, audit or certification. This can only be done upon notification, during work hours, by an	Obligation for Importer to keep a written record of its processing, demonstrating compliance and provide it if asked by Exporter (Section 12.1.4)  Obligation for Importer to cooperate and assist Exporter, including for audits, if rights provided

and adequately deal with enquiries from the Exporter that relate to the Processing under these Clauses. In particular, the Parties, which should document it and make this documentation available to competent CSAs on request.  Obligation of information sharing for Importer to Exporter, and assistance in the audit/review processes at the Exporter's request.	Obligation of information sharing for Importer to Exporter, and assistance in the audit/review processes.  Clause 8.9.	Obligation of information sharing for Importer to Exporter, and assistance in the audit/review processes. Information and specially audits to be made available promptly to CSAs too.  Clause 6.10	independent and unbiased auditor or inspector designated by the Exporter or the DPA, in order to assess the compliance of the Importer with its obligations under these Clauses;  Clause 5(g)  The Importer shall keep a record of the fulfilment of its obligations under these Clauses, the report of which shall be available on request to the exporter or the	in Linked Agreement (Section 12.1.5); cooperation with ICO (Section 12.1.6) and Third-Party Controller too.  Section 12.1.6
The Exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor.  Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities, which may involve the checking of all physical and digital systems, applications or measures related to data processing and data security including, if it is implied, the use of algorithms or algorithmic processing of the Data			authority. Clause 5(ñ)	

importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with prior notice.

The Importer guarantees that it has carefully considered the impact the intended Processing might have on the rights and fundamental freedoms of Data subjects prior to the commencement of such Processing, according to the circumstances of the specific Transfer, and has taken the necessary and appropriate technical and organisational measures to comply with these Clauses, and to demonstrate such compliance to the competent Supervisory authority/ies.

Clause 16

## 8. Onward transfers

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
The Importer must not	Only if documented	Only if documented	Only if documented	The Importer will not	The Importer will not	Only if authorised in
disclose or transfer	instructions from	instructions from	instructions from	disclose or further	disclose transferred data	Table 2, and the transfer
personal data to third	Exporter.	Exporter.	Exporter.	transfer the transferred	except as permitted in	does not breach the
parties, including sub-				data, except if it is	the Part 1 (Details).	linked Article 28
processors, unless it has	Authorised only if:	Authorised only if the	Authorised if the third	specified within Annex A		agreement, and for the
informed the Exporter of	<ul> <li>the law of the Third</li> </ul>	third party agrees to be	party agrees to be bound	of the Clauses, or is	Clause 1.2	initial purpose, and one
this and provided	party's jurisdiction,	bound by the Clauses, OR	by the Clauses, OR	necessary for their		or more of:
reasonable	including its	if the onward transfer:	<ul> <li>In a country</li> </ul>	performance. In both	If the Importer discloses	<ul> <li>In a country</li> </ul>
opportunity for the	international	<ul> <li>is to a recipient in a</li> </ul>	benefitting from an	cases, the Importer	transferred data to a third	benefitting from an
Exporter to object.	commitments under	country benefitting	adequacy decision	should verify that	party not using or	adequacy decision
	applicable	from an adequacy	<ul> <li>is necessary for the</li> </ul>	- the recipient is	disclosing them solely as	<ul> <li>Written contract</li> </ul>
Clause 3.2	international treaties	decision (Article 45	establishment,	subject to the same	an agent of the Importer:	between third party
6. 1	or agreements,	GDPR)	exercise or defence	obligations than the	The Importer must	and Importer + risk
Disclosure to third parties	ensures an	<ul> <li>is necessary for the</li> </ul>	of legal claims in the	ones of the Importer	ensure that the third	assessment
may only occur if they	appropriate level of	establishment,	context of specific	under these Clauses,	party enters into a	conducted by
are also subject to the	protection (Article	exercise or defence	administrative,	and	binding and	Importer
same obligations as the	14(3)(a) of the	of legal claims in the	regulatory or judicial	<ul> <li>that the Exporter has been informed and</li> </ul>	enforceable	Addition of the third-
Importer.	Convention in accordance with the	context of specific	proceedings in a	has given prior	agreement with the	party to the IDTA
Clause 3.3	provisions in this	administrative,	particular case or	agreement to this	Importer, imposing on the third party	If Importer in the UK,
Clause 3.3	regard under	regulatory or judicial	is necessary in order  to protect the vital	onward transfer.	substantially the	transfer would
	Applicable law; or,	proceedings in a particular case or	to protect the vital interests of the data	onward transfer.	same obligations in	comply with Art 46 or 49 of UK GDPR
	the Third party	is necessary in order	subject or of another	OR if the onward transfer	respect of that	49 OF UK GDPK
	enters into a legally	to protect the vital	natural person ; OR	is:	transferred data as	The importers does not
	binding and	interests of the data	if the third party ensures	<ul> <li>Necessary for legal</li> </ul>	are imposed on the	need to comply with
	enforceable	subject or of another	appropriate safeguards	claims	Importer under these	Section 16.1 if it is
	instrument with the	natural person; OR	All onward transfers must	Necessary for vital	Clauses, and giving	transferring on
	Importer ensuring	if the third party	comply with guarantees	interests of a natural	data subjects	transferred data and/or
	the same level of	ensures appropriate	set up in the agreement,	person	substantially the	allowing access to the
	data protection as	safeguards under Art.	in particular the purpose	Required by the Law	same rights to	transferred data in
	under these Clauses,	46-47 GDPR	limitation principle.	or the competent	enforce those	accordance with section
	and the Importer		,	authorities to the	obligations as they	23.
	provides a copy of		Clause 6.9	extent it does not		

these safeguards to the Exporter.  OR if the onward transfer is necessary  • for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings in a particular case or,  • in a specific case in order to protect the vital interests of the Data subject or of another natural person;  All onward transfers must comply with guarantees set up in the agreement, in particular the purpose limitation principle.	All onward transfers must comply with guarantees set up in the agreement, in particular the purpose limitation principle.  Clause 8.8	Cla	(e.g.: when necessary for the safety and security of the State, the defence, public security, prevention, investigation, detection and repression of criminal and administrative infractions)	• I t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	clauses. If the Importer fails to ensure that the chird party enters into such an agreement, then under this agreement the transferred information held by the third party will be areated as being in the control of the importer, and the importer will be responsible for the chird party's acts and omissions in relation to the transferred data.	(Section 16)	
Clause 15							

## 9. Use of sub-processors

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
The Importer must not disclose or transfer personal data to third parties, including subprocessors, unless it has informed the Exporter of this and provided reasonable opportunity for the Exporter to object.  Clause 3.2  Disclosure to third parties may only occur if they are also subject to the same obligations as the Importer.  Clause 3.3	Either  (1) Specific prior authorisation (2) General written authorisation Should engage only through a written contract providing same data protection obligations, and particularly third beneficiary rights and onward transfers. The Importer shall provide a copy of the agreement to the Exporter's request. Importer remains fully responsible to Exporter and obligation of notification in case of subprocessor's failure to comply.  Importer shall agree a Third-party beneficiary clause with the Subprocessor whereby — in the event the Importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent — the Exporter shall have	Either (3) Specific prior authorisation (4) General written authorisation Should engage only through a written contract providing same data protection obligations The Importer shall provide a copy of the agreement to the Exporter's request. Importer remains fully responsible to Exporter and obligation of notification in case of subprocessor's failure to comply.  Clause 9	Either  (1) Specific prior authorisation (2) General written authorisation Should engage only through a written contract providing same data protection obligations, and particularly third beneficiary rights. The Importer shall provide a copy of the agreement to the Exporter's request. Importer remains fully responsible to Exporter and obligation of notification in case of subprocessor's failure to comply.  Clause 7		If the Importer discloses transferred data to a third party whose use and disclosure of the information is solely as an agent for the Importer and not for its own purposes:  The Importer must use all reasonable endeavours to prevent unauthorised use or disclosure of the transferred data except as authorised by the Importer, and is obliged to have in place safeguards consistent with the security requirements (of clause 1.3).  For the purposes of these Clauses the transferred data held by the third party will be treated as being in the control of the Importer, the Importer is responsible for the third party's acts and	The Importer may subcontract its obligations to a processor or subprocessor (provided that it complies with Section 16).  It must ensure that the processor or subprocessor only processes the transferred data on its instructions  The Importer remains fully liable to the Exporter, ICO and relevant data subjects  (Section 17)

the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the subprocessor to erase or return the personal data transferred.

omissions in relation to the transferred data.

Clause 2.1

Clause 17

## 10.Data subject rights<sup>2</sup>

**ASEAN** Council of Europe **European Union New Zealand United Kingdom RIPD** Argentina

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These comparative tables only cover the content of the Clauses themselves. Therefore, they do not provide for the exhaustive list of obligations applicable to the Parties. The greyed-out boxes indicate only the absence of explicit provisions within the Clauses themselves. Some of these data subject rights may be provided for by other elements of the national or regional legal framework, and in particular by the respective data protection laws.

General	Exporter shall respond to enquiries from data subjects within "reasonable time frame, or frame and manner specified in the Law.  Importer shall communicate and refer to Exporter any enquiries and requests from data subjects.  The Importer shall provide prompt assistance to the Exporter upon request for the purposes of clause 2.4; and where the Data Importer has agreed in writing, to respond to enquiries and requests from Data Subjects or Enforcement Authorities regarding its Processing of Personal Data when notified by the Exporter.  Clause 3.12	The Importer shall promptly notify the Exporter of any request it has received from a Data subject. It shall not respond to that request itself unless it has been instructed to do so by the Exporter.  The Importer shall assist the Exporter in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects' requests for the exercise of their rights under the clauses and the Applicable law. In this regard, the parties shall set out in Annex 2 the appropriate measures by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.  Importer shall comply with the instructions from the Exporter.  Clause 18	The Importer shall inform the Exporter of any data subject's request and deal with them only with its authorisation. Obligation to assist Exporter in fulfilling its obligations.  Clause 10  Parties may rely on the rights accorded to individuals based on the applicable law.	Importer shall inform Exporter of any data subject's request and deal with them only with its authorisation. Obligation to assist Exporter in fulfilling its obligations and means to be set in Annex C.  Clause 8  Parties may rely on the rights accorded to individuals based on the applicable law.	The Exporter and the Importer must respond to a data subject's request within the same delay as under Law n°25.326 and shall have the adequate means to do so.  Clause 4(g) and 5(k)  For the Exporter, this concerns the data in his possession or by agreeing as an obligation under his responsibility, which is indicated in Annex A.  The Exporter responds to the request of the data subjects in these delays on behalf of the Importer, except if it has been agreed that the Importer is in charge of responding to them.  Even in this case, the Exporter must respond to these requests, to the extent possible, when the Importer does not respond.  Clause 4(g).	The Importer must respond to a data subject's request as soon as reasonably practicable and no later than 30 days after receiving the request. The Importer must provide reasonable assistance to the data subject in relation to each request.  Clause 4.4	If the Importer receives a request directly from an individual which relates to the Transferred data it must pass that request on to the Exporter without undue delay. The importer must only respond to that individual as authorised by the Exporter or any Third-Party Controller (Section 21.1)  Taking into account the nature of the processing, the importer will assist the controller by technical and organisational measures, insofar as is possible, for the fulfilment of the controller's obligation to respond to requests for exercising the data subject's rights laid down in Chapter III.  Article 28(3)(e)  Parties may rely on the rights accorded to individuals based on the applicable law.
	Parties may rely on				The Importer must		
	the rights accorded to				communicate a contact		
	G						

individuals based on the applicable law.  The applicable law.  Not specified clearly.  Not specified clearly.  Not specified clearly.  To the extent necessary to protect confidential information, including the measures described in Annex 3 and Personal data, the Exporter may redact part for the text of the text of the April San Personal data, the Exporter commercial and information, including personal data, the Exporter in individuals based on the applicable law.  Within its organisation which is authorized to respond to queries in relation with the data subjects within the appropriate delays.  In case the Exporter.  Cease to exist, or if both Parties agree on this, the Importer is in change of the exercise of the rights by the data subjects.  Clause 5(f)  To the extent necessary to protect confidential information, including the measures described in Annex 3 and Personal data, the Exporter may and the Exporter of them to the provided that the Party easies of the agreement to a data subject, obligation of importer to inform the confidential information, including personal data, the Exporter may redact the confidential information.  In approval to the text of the extent of the extent of the extent of the text of the commercial and information.  To the extent necessary to protect confidential information, including personal data, the Exporter may redact the confidential information.								
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Importer is in charge of the exercise of the rights by the data subjects.  Clause 5(f)  The Importer must notify the Exporter of every queries received from data subjects that have not been answered, except if it is authorized to process them.  Clause 5(f)  The supporter of every queries received from data subjects that have not been answered, except if it is authorized to process them.  Clause 5(f)(2)(iii)  Possible To the extent necessary to protect confidential information, including the measures described in Annex 3 and Personal data, the Exporter may data, the Exporter may data without any including personal data, the Exporter of the extent necessary to the Party reasonably adat, the Exporter of the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the Exporter of the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including excrets or other confidential data, the Exporter of the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the Exporter of every queries received from data subjects that have not been answered, except if it is authorized to process them.  Clause 5(i)(2)(iii)  Yes. Both Parties must provide copy of IDTA, not necessarily Linked existence of the agreement, potential exclusion of sections that the other and redacted any information that the other Party reasonably of it. Must inform the other Party reasonably it may redact						cease to exist, or if both		
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Not specified clearly. Yes. Yes. Yes. Prior request by data subject, obligation of importer to inform the information, including secrets or other the measures described the measures described data, the Exporter may the Parties may redact secrets or confidential data, the Exporter may the Parties may redact secrets or confidential to protects the subject of the process them.  Clause 5(i)(2)(iii)  Yes. Clause 4(h). Each Party will disclose this agreement to a data provide copy of IDTA, not subject requesting it, necessarily Linked provided that the Party provided that the Party of it. Must inform the exclusion of sections that the other and redacted any information that the other Party reasonably lt may redact	1					data subjects that have		
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		Not specified clearly.	Yes.	Yes.		Yes. Clause 4(h).		
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			redact part of the text of	part of the text of the	information.		identifies as	information in the Tables

		the Annex to these	Appendix prior to sharing			commercially sensitive	or the information
		Clauses prior to sharing a	a copy, but shall provide	Clause 6.4.		and not necessary for the	provided from the Linked
		copy, but shall provide a	a meaningful summary			data subject to receive in	Agreement if it is
		meaningful summary	where the data subject			order to enforce their	reasonably necessary to
		where the Data subject	would otherwise not be			rights under this	protect business secrets
		would otherwise not be	able to understand its			agreement.	or confidential
		able to understand its	content or exercise			If requested, the Party	information, so long as it
		content or exercise	his/her rights. On			will provide the data	provides the Relevant
		his/her rights. On	request, the Parties shall			subject with reasons for	Data Subject with a
		request, the Parties shall	provide the data subject			the redactions, to the	summary of those
		provide the Data subject	with the reasons for the			extent possible, without	redactions so that the
		with the reasons for the	redactions, to the extent			revealing any of the	Relevant Data Subject
		redactions, to the extent	possible without			redacted information.	can understand the
		possible without	revealing the redacted				content of the Tables or
		revealing the redacted	information			Clause 8.3	the information provided
		information.					from the Linked
			Clause 8.3				Agreement.
		Clause 10					
							Section 18
its	The Importer shall				Yes. Clause 4 (g)	Yes, the Importer agrees	
<u> </u>	promptly					that each data subject	
ro T	communicate and				Information: public and	has a right to access their	
t (	refer to the Exporter				free of charge access to	personal information	
pol	any enquiries and				the register.	held by the Importer that	
<u> </u>	requests from Data					is included in the	
e je	Subjects relating to				Within 10 days for the	transferred data.	
t tl	transferred, including				information		
ou igi	requests to access or					Clause 4.1	
de R	correct the Personal				Access: free of charge, at		
on	Data				intervals of no less than 6	In the case of such a	
ati					months unless a	request, the Importer	
Right to information about the Importer and its processing (Right of access)	Clause 3.5				legitimate interest is	will confirm whether or	
ۇر م					demonstrated.	not it holds any	
Ë						transferred data about	
t t						the data subject and, if it	
igh						does, will provide the	
~						data subject access to	

			the information and	
			advise them that they	
			may request correction	
			of their information.	
	0.1.	V 0 1 1 1	Clause 4.2	
	Opt. Importer's	Yes. Clause 4 (g)	Yes, the Importer agrees	
	obligation to correct	61 II	that each data subject	
	error/omission in data	Obligation to proceed to	has a right to seek	
	on request of Exporter	the rectification within 5	correction of their	
	within specific delay.	days	personal information	
	Clause 3.7		held by the Importer that	
	<del>-</del> 1		is included in the	
	The Importer shall		transferred data.	
	promptly			
	communicate and		Clause 4.1	
	refer to the Exporter		to the case of such a	
r c	any enquiries and		In the case of such a	
aţi	requests from Data		request, the Importer will take reasonable	
Ę	Subjects relating to		steps to ensure that the	
ਝ	transferred, including requests to access or		information is accurate	
5	correct the Personal			
5	Data		taking into account the permitted uses specified	
Right to rectification	Dala		in the Part 1. If the	
2	Clause 3.5		Importer is not willing to	
	Clause 5.5		correct the information	
	Obligation for the		as requested, the	
	Exporter		Importer will take	
	Clause 2.4		reasonable steps to	
	Clause 2.4		ensure a statement of	
			the requested correction	
			is attached to the data,	
			so as to ensure it will	
			always be read with the	
			information. Where the	
			Importer corrects any	
			importer corrects arry	

		transferred information or attaches a statement of correction, the Importer must take reasonable steps to inform any person to whom the Importer has disclosed the relevant transferred data.  Clause 4.3	
erasure	Yes. Clause 4 (g)  Obligation to proceed to the erasure within 5 days.		
Right to object			
Automated			
Limitations and exemptions		The Importer may refuse access, extend the timeframe for complying with the request, and/or charge the data subject for complying with the request, to the extent that this would be permitted if the request was made under the Applicable Law and the	

Importer was subject to the Applicable Law.	
Clause 4.5	

# 11.Redress for the data subjects

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
No objection to data subject being represented by another body if it wishes so and it is allowed under Applicable Law.	Optional: Agreement of the Importer on possibility for data subjects to lodge complaint with an independent dispute resolution body specified in the Clause (at no cost for the data subject). The Importer inform the	Importer must inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website of a contact point authorised to handle complaints	The Importer must inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website of a contact point to receive enquiries.	In case of non-compliance by the Importer with its obligations towards the data subjects, the data subjects can require the Exporter to take actions to terminate the non- compliance.	The Exporter may bring a claim or claims on behalf of one or more data subjects, at the request of those data subjects. It is not obliged to do so.  Clause 6.3	<ul> <li>Representation by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association (under conditions Art 80(1) UK GDPR) (Section 33.5).</li> <li>Possible to elect to refer any dispute</li> </ul>
	data subject of this possibility in the manner set out above.	Optional: Agreement between Parties on possibility for data subjects to lodge	Optional: Agreement between Parties on possibility for data subjects to lodge	Clause 3(a)  No objection to data subjects being		arising out of or in connection with this IDTA to final resolution under the
	The Importer may offer independent dispute resolution through an arbitration body only if such body is established in	complaint with an independent dispute resolution body (at no cost for the data subject). The Importer shall inform	complaint with an independent dispute resolution body (at no cost for the data subject.	represented by an association or other entities as foreseen in Argentinian Law.		Rules of the London Court of International Arbitration (Section 35.1).
	a country that has ratified the New York Convention on Enforcement of Arbitration Awards.	the data subject of this possibility in the manner set out above	<ul> <li>In case of litigation between one of the Parties and a data subjects, the Party</li> </ul>	Obligation of information and cooperation between Parties in case of conflict or reclamation made by a		<ul> <li>Importer must keep details of Importer Data Subject Contact up-to-date and easily</li> </ul>
	Any possibility to lodge a complaint with an	<ul> <li>In case of non- compliance by one of the Parties of these</li> </ul>	must attempt to solve amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties	data subject or an authority, with the objective to attempt to		publicly available and inform Exporter of changes.

independent dispute resolution body does not exclude or alter the right of the Data subject afforded by these Clauses, the Applicable law or the law applicable to the Importer to lodge a complaint with the Supervisory Authority/ies or the courts of the competent jurisdiction.

Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right, the Importer shall accept the decision of the Data subject to lodge a complaint with the competent Supervisory authority/ies, or to refer the dispute to the competent courts.

Clause 19

- clauses, obligation to solve dispute amicably in a timely fashion. Parties to inform each other of such disputes and where appropriate cooperate for their resolution.
- Possibility for the data subjects to lodge complaint with Competent SA (SA of residence or SA of concerned Party) or with competent court.
- Representation by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association (under conditions Art 80(1) GDPR)
- Importer shall abide by decision binding under applicable EU law/MSs law.

The Importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

- keep each other informed of any litigation related, and cooperate in their resolution
- Obligation for the Importer to respect and not attempt to limit action of data subjects when they invoke Third-party beneficiary rights relating to these Clauses, including when they decide to:
  - lodge a
    complaint with
    the Supervisory
    Authority of
    their place of
    residence or
    work, of a
    Competent
    Supervisory
    Authority
  - bring a legal action concerning its personal data in the relevant jurisdiction.
- Importer shall abide by decisions binding under applicable law.

Clause 9.

solve amicably as soon as possible and within the deadlines of the Law n°25.326. Both Parties commit to attend any non-binding mediation procedure initiated by the data subject or the authority, and if they decide to participate, they can do so remotely. Both Parties commit to abide by any decision of competent tribunals or authorities whose decisions are final and against which no appeal can be lodged.

Clause 8

Clause 11		

# 12.Liability

- liable for damages caused by Importer (or its Sub-processor), it shall be entitled to claim back from the Importer that part of the compensation corresponding to the Importer's responsibility for the damage.
- When more than one Party is responsible, they are jointly and severally liable and ability for data subject to bring action in court against any of them. The Party held liable can request compensation from the other Parties corresponding to their responsibility in the damage.
- The Exporter remains responsible for the processing where it engages a processor to act on its behalf. The Parties may not invoke the conduct of a sub-Processor to avoid their own liability.

- their responsibility in the damage.
- The Importer cannot invoke misconduct of processor or subprocessor to avoid its own liability.

Clause 12

- An order restraining the Importer from continuing or repeating the interference with privacy, or from engaging in, or causing or permitting others to engage in, conduct of the same kind, or conduct of any similar kind specified in the order;
- An order that the Importer perform any acts specified in the order with a view to remedying the interference with privacy, or redressing any loss or damage suffered by the aggrieved data subject(s) as a result of the interference, or both.

However, the data subject will not be entitled to any damages or other relief beyond the damages or other relief that could reasonably be expected to be granted under the Applicable Law in the same circumstances, if the

- party that part of the compensation corresponding to the other party's responsibility for the damage.
- No exclusion of liability on the basis that the parties have authorised anyone who is not a party to perform any of their obligations.

(Section 32)

The ICO is entitled to bring claims against the exporter and/or importer for breach of the following sections: Section 10 (The ICO), Sections 11.1 and 11.2 (Exporter's obligations), Section 12.1.6 (General Importer obligations) and Section 13 (Importer's obligations if it is subject to UK Data Protection Laws (Section 33.2)

Clause 20	Importer was subject to the Applicable Law.
Clause 20	the Applicable Law.
	Clause 6.1
	The Importer is responsible for the acts or omissions of:  • a third party that acts solely as an agent of the Importer, or  • a third party not acting as the Importer's agent but with which the Importer failed to ensure that it enters into an agreement imposing substantially the same obligations on the third party as
	these Clauses.
	Clause 2.1-2

## 13.Supervision

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Exporter's obligation to answer to enquiries from Enforcement Authorities as required by applicable laws and within a reasonable time frame or the one required by the applicable law.  Clause 2.4  The Importer shall provide prompt assistance to the Exporter in answering to the Enforcement Authorities as above, and here it has agreed in writing, to respond to enquiries and requests from Enforcement Authorities regarding its processing of the transferred data when notified by the Exporter.  Clause 3.12	The Supervisory authority/ies with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the Exporter with the Applicable law as regards the Transfer shall act as competent Supervisory authority/ies.  The Importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the CSA in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses, and to abide by its decision. In particular, the Importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to review or audits, and comply with the measures adopted by the Supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the Supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.	Designation of the Competent Supervisory Authority (CSA):  If the Exporter is established in an EU MS then CSA will be the one of its establishment.  If the Exporter is not established in the EU but falls under Article 3.2. of GDPR, the CSA is the SA of the MS where the Exporter has designated its representative or if no representative has been designated, the CSA is the one where the concerned Data Subjects are located.  The Importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction and to cooperate with the CSA and specially to respond to enquiries, submit audits and comply with measures adopted by CSAs. Shall provide the CSA written confirmation	<ul> <li>submit itself to the jurisdiction and cooperate with the CSA and</li> <li>specially to respond to enquiries, submit audits and comply with measures adopted by CSAs. Shall provide the CSA written confirmation when necessary actions have been taken.</li> <li>Clause 11.</li> </ul>	The Importer accepts that the CSA exercise its competences over the processing of the transferred data which it is responsible for, within the limits and powers established by Law n°25.326. The Importer accepts the powers of control and sanction of the CSA, granting it the status of third-party beneficiary for such purposes, where appropriate.  Clause 3(b)  The audits can be conducted by  staff of the CSA, third parties designated by the supervisory authority for that act, or  local authorities with similar competences to the ones of the CSA in cooperation with the CSA.		Parties agree to comply with ICO's requests and to provide information to ICO including a copy of the TRA, a copy of the IDTA and importer information.  Section 10

Clause 21	when necessary actions	The Importer notifies	
	have been taken.	without delay the	
		Exporter if applicable laws	
	Clause 13	forbid him or its sub-	
		processors to be audited.	
		Clause 9	
		The Exporter shall	
		respond within the	
		appropriate timeframes	
		to the request from the	
		CSA.	
		Clause 3(c)	

## 14.Local laws and practice affecting compliance

			_			
ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Each Party warrants,	The Parties warrant that	It is the Parties' duty to	It is the Parties' duty to	The Importer warrants	Local data protection laws	The Importer must:
represents and	they have no reason to	warrant that laws and	warrant that laws and	that it has verified the	that apply in the Importer	<ul> <li>provide the Exporter</li> </ul>
undertakes to the other	believe that the laws and	practices of destination	practices of destination	local laws do not prevent	home's country must be	with all relevant
Party that it has full	practices in the country of	country do not prevent	country do not prevent	it from complying with its	listed in Part 1 (p5)	information regarding
capacity and authority to	destination prevent the	Importer from fulfilling its	Importer from fulfilling its	obligations and with the		local laws and
enter into and to perform	Importer from fulfilling its	obligations under these	obligations under the	guarantees and principles	The Importer confirms	practices and the
its obligations under and	obligations under these	Clauses, several detailed	clauses.	under these clauses. The	that at the time of	protections and risk
in accordance with this	Clauses. Several detailed	criteria need to be	If abancas ar research	Importer must inform the	entering into the	which apply to the
contract.	criteria need to be assessed before making	assessed before making	If changes or reasons to believe, obligation of	Exporter without undue delay in case it becomes	agreement it has made reasonable efforts to	transferred data,
Clause 7.1	such warrant (specified in	such warrant (these criteria are specified in	Importer to notify them,	aware of such a situation.	identify whether it is	including any information which
Each Party agrees to	the Clauses).	the Clauses).	and of Exporter to set out	aware or such a situation.	covered by any law that	may be reasonably
comply with all applicable	the clauses).	the clauses).	appropriate measures,	Clause 4(c)	could reasonably be	required for the
AMS Law in connection	the Importer shall make	The Importer shall make	including in Set 1,	ciause +(c)	expected to have a	exporter to carry out
with the performance of	its best efforts to provide	its best efforts to provide	suspension of transfers.	If at that time the national	substantial adverse effect	the TRA;
its obligations under this	information to Exporter	information to the		legislation or local	on the protections	<ul> <li>cooperate with the</li> </ul>
contract.	on the assessment made	Exporter on the	Clause 12(a) and (b)	regulations applicable to	intended by the Clauses,	exporter to ensure
Clause 7.2	and cooperate to ensure	assessment made and to	, , , , ,	the importer do not allow	and is not aware of any	compliance with the
	compliance with Clauses;	cooperate to ensure		him to return or destroy	such law. The Importer	Exporter's obligations
	and to cooperate with it	compliance with these		such data in whole or in	will use reasonable efforts	under the UK Data
	in ensuring compliance	Clauses.		part, the importer	to ensure that, if any such	Protection Laws;
	with these Clauses.			undertakes to inform the	law applies to it in the	<ul> <li>Review whether any</li> </ul>
		Parties should document		legal deadline and to	future, it will promptly	importer information
	Parties should document	this analysis and make it		maintain the secrecy of	notify the Exporter.	has changed, and
	this analysis and make it	available to CSA.		such data and not to		whether any local
	available to CSA.	If also are a desired as the		submit them to further	Clause 5.4	laws contradict its
	The lucy outer courses to	If changes during the		processing.		obligations in this
	The Importer agrees to notify the Exporter	course of effect of the Clauses or reasons to		In case such retention periods are in		IDTA and take
	promptly if, after having	believe that Importer can		contradiction with the		reasonable steps to
	agreed to these Clauses	no longer comply with the		applicable data protection		verify this on a
	and for the duration of	Clauses, obligation of the		principles, the transfer		regular basis;  Inform the Importer
	the contract, it has reason	Importer to notify the		shall not be reiterated (as		•
	the contract, it has reason	importer to notify the		Shall flot be reflerated (as		as soon as it becomes

to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements listed above, including following a change in the laws of the country of destination or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements.

Following such a notification, or if the Exporter otherwise has a reason to believe that the Importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the Exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g., technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted to address the situation.

Clause 22

Exporter, and of the Importer/Exporter to put in place appropriate measures to address the situation. The Exporter shall suspend the transfers if no appropriate measures can be put in place or if instructed to do so by the CSA. The Exporter can then terminate the contract if processing relates to personal data covered under the Clauses.

Clause 14

it is a ground for non-compliance). And if such a condition is verified during the execution of the contract, the contract shall be terminated by returning the data to the exporter in accordance with the instructions given by the exporter.

Clause 4(k)

aware of any importer information changing, and/or any local laws which may prevent or limited the Importer complying with its obligations in the IDTA.

(Section 8.3)

The Exporter must ensure and demonstrate that the IDTA (including any Security Requirements and Extra Protection Clauses) provides Appropriate Safeguards (Section 8.2.1).

The Importer must inform the Exporter as it becomes aware of any Importer Information changing, and/or any Local Laws which may prevent or limit the Importer complying with its obligations in this IDTA (Section 8.3.4).

## 15.Access by public authorities

		•					
	ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Notification	It is the Importer's obligation to notify and consult the Exporter in case of investigations regarding collection, use, transfer, disclosure, security or disposal of the transferred data, except if prohibited under applicable law.  Clause 3.11	In so far domestic law of Importer allows, the Importer shall notify the Exporter and, where possible the Data subject promptly or use its best efforts to do so – if necessary with the help of the Exporter - if it is compelled to preserve, grant access, make available or disclose Personal data transferred from the Exporter to a Third party including to a public authority.  If prohibited to notify, the Importer shall use its best efforts, and document them (in order to be able to demonstrate them to the Exporter on request), to obtain a waiver of the interdiction.  If possible under destination country laws, the Importer shall regularly provide as many information as	Importer must inform Exporter and where possible the Data Subject, if received legally binding request from a public authority or becomes aware of direct access by public authorities. If prohibited to notify, the Importer shall use its best efforts, and document them, to obtain a waiver of the interdiction. If possible under destination country laws, Importer shall regularly provide as many information as possible to the Exporter on these requests. Importer shall retain for the duration of the contract the above information and provide it to the CSA upon request. Clause 15	Importer must inform Exporter if received legally binding request from a public authority or becomes aware of direct access If forbidden to notify, Importer shall use its best efforts, and document them, to obtain a waiver of the interdiction.  Clause 12(c)	To the extent that it is not prohibited by applicable laws (to the extent that it does not exceed what it is necessary in a democratic society), the Importer must notify the Exporter of every access request received from law enforcement authorities.  Clause 3(h)	If the Importer is required by a court or government agency under any laws to disclose or use the transferred data in a way that would not otherwise be permitted by this agreement, then to the extent that law allows the Importer must notify the Exporter to give it the opportunity to contest that legal requirement.  Clause 5.3	If allowed in local Laws and reasonable to do so, must inform without undue delay: Exporter, Third Party Controller (Section 23).  In so far as local laws allow, must keep record of access and eventual challenges and provide copy of the record if requested and on Review Date to Exporter and ICO.  Section 24 provides details on notification process where required to notify any other party in the IDTA.

	possible to the Exporter				
	on these requests.				
	The Importer agrees to preserve the information listed above for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent Supervisory authority on request.  Clause 23(1)				
	The Importer shall	The Importer agrees to	The Importer agrees to	Importer must	Importer may give
	review the legality of any	review the legality and	review the legality and	immediately verify that	access to data, unless
_	request for disclosure, in	to challenge any request	challenge any request	the requesting authority	reasonable to challenge
<u>.</u>	particular whether it is	for disclosure if there are	for disclosure if there are	offers adequate	the request on the basis
at	within the powers	reasonable grounds to	reasonable grounds to	guarantees in	that there are significant
nis	granted to the requesting public	do so, and similarly to appeal if possible.	do so.	compliance with the principles of Article 4 of	grounds to believe it unlawful (Section 23.2)
<u> </u>	authority, and to	Pending the	Clause 6.5	the Law n°25.326 (data	umawiui (Section 25.2)
Ē	challenge the request if	determination of any	ciause 0.5	quality), and with the	
Ē	there are reasonable	challenge, the Importer		data subjects' rights	
dat	grounds to do so, and	shall seek interim		except in the cases:	
ğ	similarly appeal if	measures to avoid		<ul> <li>provided for by law</li> </ul>	
an	possible.	disclosing personal data.		or by a decision	
₹				based on the	
i <u>e</u>	Pending the	The Importer shall		protection of the	
<u> </u>	determination of any	document its legal		defence of the	
<del>_</del>	challenge the Importer	assessment and any		nation, public order	
3	shall, to the extent available under domestic	challenge to the request		and security, or the	
je.	legislation, seek interim	for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under		protection of the rights and interests	
Review of legality and data minimisation	measures to suspend the	the laws of the country		of third parties;	
<b>E</b>	effects of the request.	of destination, shall		- by means of a	
	and the requesti	make the relevant		substantiated	
		documentation available		decision notified to	

The Importer shall to the Exporter. It shall the person document its legal also make it available to concerned, where assessment and any the competent they may hinder challenge to the request Supervisory authority on judicial or request. The Importer for disclosure and, to the administrative extent permissible under agrees to provide the proceedings in minimum of information the laws of the country progress relating to the investigation of of destination, shall possible. make the relevant the fulfilment of documentation available Clause 15.1(c) judicial or to the Exporter. It shall administrative obligations also make it available to the competent concerning public order. Supervisory authority on request. Clause 4(i) When responding to a request for disclosure, the Importer shall, having complied with the duty in 23.2, and confirmed the lawfulness of the request provide, only the information which is necessary to respond to the request, in accordance with the domestic legislation.

Clause 23(2)

## **16.Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination**

Suspension of transfer as logical properties in breach of contract and until repair or terminate ontract. It is a might be comply with the contract if the law of the countract if it has biligation under the law of the countract of its oligation under the law of the countract of its oligation under the law of the countract of laws on the transfer of served of the contract is eminated. This is without prejudice to Clauses or unable to comply with the contract is eminated. This is without prejudice to Clauses or unable to complete the law of the countract is demand to breach of contract.  **Final decision with no further appeal from competent court on further appeal from further appeal from competent court on the reminate contract is essured and the reminate the terminate the contract is estimated. This is without prejudice to clause set of the contract is ensured and the transfer of personal data to the importer is in breach of contract where:  **Importer entitled to end the contract is derived or the contract is ensured again.  **Importer in material breach of any obligation under Clauses or the forther appeal from competent court on the terminate contract is estored in a processing of personal data to the importer is in breach of contract where:  **Importer entitled to end the contract is derived or the contract is ensured again.  **Importer in material breach of any obligation under Clauses (This is without prejudice to complete the law of the contract is deminated the terminate the contract is the law of the contract is deminated to the minate and the processing of personal data to the importer is in breach of contract where:  **Importer in material breach of any obligation under clauses without prejudice to entitled to terminate the contract is the law of the countract is deminated the contract is derived or the contract is deminated to the minated processing of personal data to the importer is in breach of contract.  **Importer in material breach of any obligation is instituted to terminate the contract is		•					
long as Importer is in breach of contract and until repair or termination of contract.  Exporter entitled to end the Clauses, for whatever reason.  Exporter entitled to end for longer than delay specified  • Transfer suspended would imply beach of its obligation under whee Clauses or unable to comply with these clauses or unable to comply and to comply and to make the law of the country of processing of personal data to the Importer unable to restored in a material breach of any obligation under Clauses (as under these Clauses or unable to comply and to comply and to comply and to complet or completed to terminate contract when:  • Transfer suspended to the montry of processing of personal data to the Importer unable to terminate contract its of the law of the Clauses. The Exporter is entitled to terminate contract is formatic contract insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data to the Importer of shall then suspend the transfer of between the law of the country of time to be fixed by the comply with these clauses, the participate that the sounder these clauses that the work of the country of time to be fixed by the comply with the comply with the comply with the comply with the contract insofars as it concerns the processing of personal data to the Importer of the law of the country of time to be fixed by the comply with the comply wi	ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
the contract if:  Transfer suspended for longer than delay specified  Compliance of a party would imply beach of its obligation under the law of farminate contract is of any obligation under Clauses of a personal breach of competent court on breach of or ortract  Final decision with no further appeal from competent court on breach of of personal data under these clauses its activity or announce it it  Transfer suspended for longer than delay specified  Transfer suspended of the contract is for the laws of the country of processing of personal data under these clauses where:  Importer in material breach of any obligation under Clauses  Final decision with no further appeal from competent court on breach of contract  Importer easses its activity or announce it it  Transfer suspended for longer than delay specified  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer than delay size to complain contract insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of Personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer transfer of personal data under these clauses where:  Transfer suspended for longer t	long as Importer is in breach of contract and until repair or termination of contract.	inform the other Party/ies if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.	promptly the Exporter of its inability to comply with Clauses. The Exporter shall then suspend the transfer until compliance	promptly the Exporter of its inability to comply with Clauses. The Exporter shall then suspend the transfer until compliance	cannot comply with its obligations under this contract, the Exporter must  temporarily suspend	breach of the Clauses, the Exporter may suspend any further transfer to the Importer, until it has	to notify the other in writing if it has breached the IDTA or it should reasonably anticipate that
	<ul> <li>the contract if:</li> <li>Transfer suspended for longer than delay specified</li> <li>Compliance of a party would imply beach of its obligation under the law of the country of processing</li> <li>Importer in material breach of any obligation under Clauses</li> <li>Final decision with no further appeal from competent court on breach of contract</li> <li>Importer ceases its activity or announce it</li> <li>Importer entitled to terminate contract when:</li> <li>Transfer suspended</li> </ul>	information that the Importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, it shall suspend the transfer of Personal data to the Importer under these Clauses until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 22.6 (see below).  The Exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:  Suspension due to inability of Importer to comply and conditions are not	The Exporter is entitled to terminate contract insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses where:  • Suspension due to inability of Importer to comply and conditions are not restored in a reasonable time (max 1-month)  • Substantial or permanent breach by the Importer  • The Importer fails to comply with binding decision of a CSA or competent court regarding its obligations In this case, obligation to	The Exporter is entitled to terminate contract insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses where:  • Suspension due to inability of Importer to comply and conditions are not restored in a reasonable time (max 30 days)  • Substantial or permanent breach by the Importer  • The Importer fails to comply with binding decision of a CSA or competent court regarding its obligations In this case, obligation to	the Importer has remedied to the non-compliance within a period of time to be fixed by the supervisory authority according to the seriousness of the non-compliance, and • notify the supervisory authority of this fact.  The contract is deemed to be terminated, and the Exporter must notify the CSA before the CSA intervenes in cases where: • the transfer has been temporarily suspended by the Exporter for more than 30 days in compliance with the rule on suspension in	The Exporter can terminate this agreement by giving a written notice to the Importer if:  • A suspension due to a breach of the Clauses by the Importer lasts more than 30 days; or  • 30 days after the notification by the Exporter of a persistent or material breach of the Clauses by the Importer, the Importer fails to demonstrate to the Exporter's reasonable satisfaction that all necessary changes have been made; or  • The Importer reasonably considers	Appropriate Safeguards the parties in accordance with Section 9.2 must without undue delay:  • pause transfers and processing of transferred data whilst a change to the tables is agreed (the importer may retain a copy of the transferred data during this pause)  • agree a change to Part one: Tables or Part two: Extra Protection Clauses which will maintain the Appropriate Safeguards.  If Exporter breaches IDTA and this has a Significant

- Compliance of a party would imply beach of its obligation under the law of the country of processing
- Final decision with no further appeal from competent court on breach of contract
- Exporter in material breach of its obligations

Exporter ceases its activity or announce it

reasonable time (max 1-month)

- Substantial or permanent breach by the Importer
- the Importer fails to comply with binding decision of a CSA or competent court regarding its obligations

In these cases, obligation to inform the CSA of such non-compliance. If multiparty, only with the Party in breach, except if the other agrees Clause 24(1-4)

The Exporter shall suspend the Transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such Transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent Supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the Exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract. insofar as it concerns the **Processing of Personal** data under these Clauses. If multi-party, only with the Party in breach,

party, only with the Party in breach, except if the other agrees.

Clause 16

Clause 13

- compliance with the Clauses and the applicable law by the Importer is incompatible with the laws or reglementary rules of the country of destination;
- a final and definitive decision, against which no appeal can be lodged to an Argentine court or the CSA, finding that the importer or exporter is in breach of the contract:
- the importer is in breach of these Clauses in a substantial or persistent way with its obligations under these Clauses.

In the first three cases above, the Importer can also proceed to the termination of the contract without intervention of the CSA.

Without prejudice to the exercise of any other rights which may be available to it against the Importer, the Exporter

- more laws that have a material adverse effect on the protections intended in the Clauses; or
- Compliance by the Importer with its obligations under this agreement would put it in breach of one or more laws that apply to the Importer; or
- The Importer undergoes an insolvency event (see def, p.13)

Clause 7.2

The Importer may terminate this agreement by giving written notice to the Exporter if

- (1) the Exporter has persistently or materially breached this agreement, and
- (2) the Importer has notified the Exporter requiring the matter to be addressed, and
- (3) at the end of 30 days following

without undue delay to end the significant harmful impact and if that is not possible to reduce the significant harmful impact as much as possible. The Exporter must suspend transfer until there is no ongoing risk of a significant harmful impact on relevant data subjects and if impossible without undue delay, end of the IDTA (Section 28)

If Importer breaches IDTA and this has a Significant Harmful Impact, the importer must take steps to end impact or reduce, and until end of impact, Exporter must suspend sending data. If there is no correction without Undue delay, the exporter must end the IDTA. The importer must notify the third party receiver (where there is one) and if they are the exporter's processor or (sub)processor, request deletion or secure return to the exporter (Section 27).

except if the other agrees. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clauses 24.4 shall apply.

Clause 22(6)

can terminate these Clauses if:

- the receivership or liquidation of the Importer has been requested, whether it is in a personal capacity or as an employer, and this request has not been dismissed within the time limit for that purpose in accordance with the applicable legislation;
- the settlement order is deemed to be;
- a trustee in bankruptcy is appointed;
- an administrator is appointed for some of its assets;
- the importer has filed for a declaration of bankruptcy;
- or is in an analogous situation before any court or tribunal.

The Parties agree that the termination of this contract for any reason whatsoever shall not release them from their

that notice, the Exporter has failed to demonstrate to the Importer's reasonable satisfaction that all necessary changes have been made to prevent a recurrence.

Clause 7.3

Optional: Parties can agree on the inclusion of additional rights for them to terminate the agreement, over and above what is included in Clause 7.
E.g.: the Exporter or the Importer could terminate

the agreement on not less

than 30 days' notice.

Part 1 (Details)

Section 29 provides that the IDTA may end:

- at the end of the term stated in Table 2.
  - if Table 2 allows the parties to end the IDTA by providing written notice to each other (at the end of the notice period stated);
- by written agreement between the parties that it will end
- If ICO produce new IDTA and it has been selected as an option
- Failure by a Party to correct breach
- Inability of Importer to comply due to Local Laws

obligations and conditions relating to the processing.

#### Clause 8

In case where an access request is received by the Importer from a third country authority and that this authority does not provide adequate guarantees,

- the Argentinian law prevails, and
- the Importer must terminate the processing in the third country and return the data to the Exporter according to its instructions and notify the DPA.

#### Clause 4(i)(b)

In case of non-compliance of the Importer with data subjects' third-party beneficiary rights, the data subjects can request the Exporter to undertake appropriate actions with the view of the cessation of the non-compliance.

Clause 5(b)

				In the event that the Importer revokes, or fails to comply despite being notified by the Exporter		
				within a peremptory period of five working		
				days, with the rights and		
				powers granted to third party beneficiaries, such		
				fact shall be cause for		
				automatic termination of this Agreement.		
				Clause 5(d)		
retain or return the data, and confirm it has done so to Exporter by writing.	In this event, the Importer shall delete or return the transferred data at the demand of the Exporter. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The Importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the Exporter.  Until the data is deleted or returned, the Importer shall continue to ensure compliance.  In case of local laws that	In this event, the Importer shall delete or return the data at the demand of the Exporter. The same shall apply to any copies of the data.  The Importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the Exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the Importer shall continue to ensure compliance.	In this event, the Importer shall delete or return the data at the demand of the Exporter. The same shall apply to any copies of the data.  The Importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the Exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the Importer shall continue to ensure compliance.	Destruction or return of the data to the Exporter (depending on what is agreed by the Parties in Annex A) in the event of  the end of the contract;  the impossibility to comply with Law n°25.326;  Clause 4(k)	Despite any termination or expiry, all terms of the agreement will continue to apply to the transferred data that the Exporter sent to the Importer during the period from the Start Date up to and including the End Date.  The terms will stop applying once the Importer has securely and permanently deleted or	Importer must securely delete or return the data.
	prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred	In case of local laws prohibit the return or	In case of local laws prohibit the return or		destroyed all of the transferred data.	
	data, the Importer warrants that it will continue to ensure	deletion of the data, the Importer warrants that it will continue to ensure	deletion of the data, the Importer warrants that it will continue to ensure		Clause 7.4	
	compliance with these	compliance with these	compliance with these		Optional: Parties can	
	Clauses and will only	Clauses and will only	Clauses and will only		agree on two separate	
	process the data to the extent and for as long as	process the data to the extent and for as long as	process the data to the extent and for as long as		consequences of	

required under that local	required under that local	required under that local	termination of the
law. The Exporter should	law.	law.	Clauses:
be notified of the relevant			<ul> <li>All related</li> </ul>
local law and the required	Clause 16	Clause 13	agreements listed in
retention period.			Part 1 also terminate
			at the End Date
Clause 24(4)			<ul> <li>Promptly following</li> </ul>
			the End Date, the
			Importer will securely
			delete or destroy all
			transferred data, and
			notify the Exporter
			that it has done so.
			Part 1 (Details) p 6
	Either Party may revoke		
	its agreement to be bound		
	by the Clauses in the		
	event of a decision of the		
	European Commission		
	under Article 45(3) GDPR		
	or of GDPR becoming part		
	of the legal framework of		
	the country of		
	destination.		

## 17.Governing laws

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union	RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Laws of a specified ASEAN country.	Law of the country of the Exporter.	The laws of MS of establishment of the	The Personal Data protection law of the	Laws of Argentina, in particular Law n°25.326,	New Zealand Law.	Law of the UK country specified in Tab 2. If no
	In case the law of the	Exporter and if does not allow third-party	Exporter's jurisdiction.	its regulatory rules and provisions of the national	Clause 8.1	specification, England and Wales.
	country of the Exporter does not allow for Third	beneficiary rights, another one that is specified.		directorate for the		

party beneficiary rights,	protection of personal
Parties shall indicate a law	data.
that ensures third-party	
beneficiary rights.	Clause 6
Clause 25	

## 18. Choice of forum and jurisdiction

ASEAN	Council of Europe	European Union		RIPD	Argentina	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Optional: Any conflict to be resolved via a selected method.	Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of [].  Possibility for data subjects to bring legal proceedings against Exporter/Importer in his/her country of residence. The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.  Clause 26  It is possible to resort to Arbitration. Clause 27	Specify the courts of which Member State shall resolve any dispute arising from these Clauses. Possibility for data subjects to bring legal proceedings against Exporter/Importer in his/her Member State of residence.  Clause 18	act Im so	Resolution of conflicts through courts of the jurisdiction of the Exporter. Possibility for data subjects to bring legal proceedings against Exporter/Importer in either country of Exporter or its country of residence.  then bringing legal tion against only the porter, they can also do in the importer's untry	Argentinian judicial and administrative jurisdiction.  Clause 5(b) + 6	Non-exclusive jurisdiction of the New Zealand courts.  Clause 8.1	Non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the UK country chosen in Tab 2. Exporter and Data subjects can bring claim in any court in any country with jurisdiction to hear the claim. Importer can only in the UK Courts set out in Tab 2. Each Party agree to provide updates to the other on claims/complaints brought.